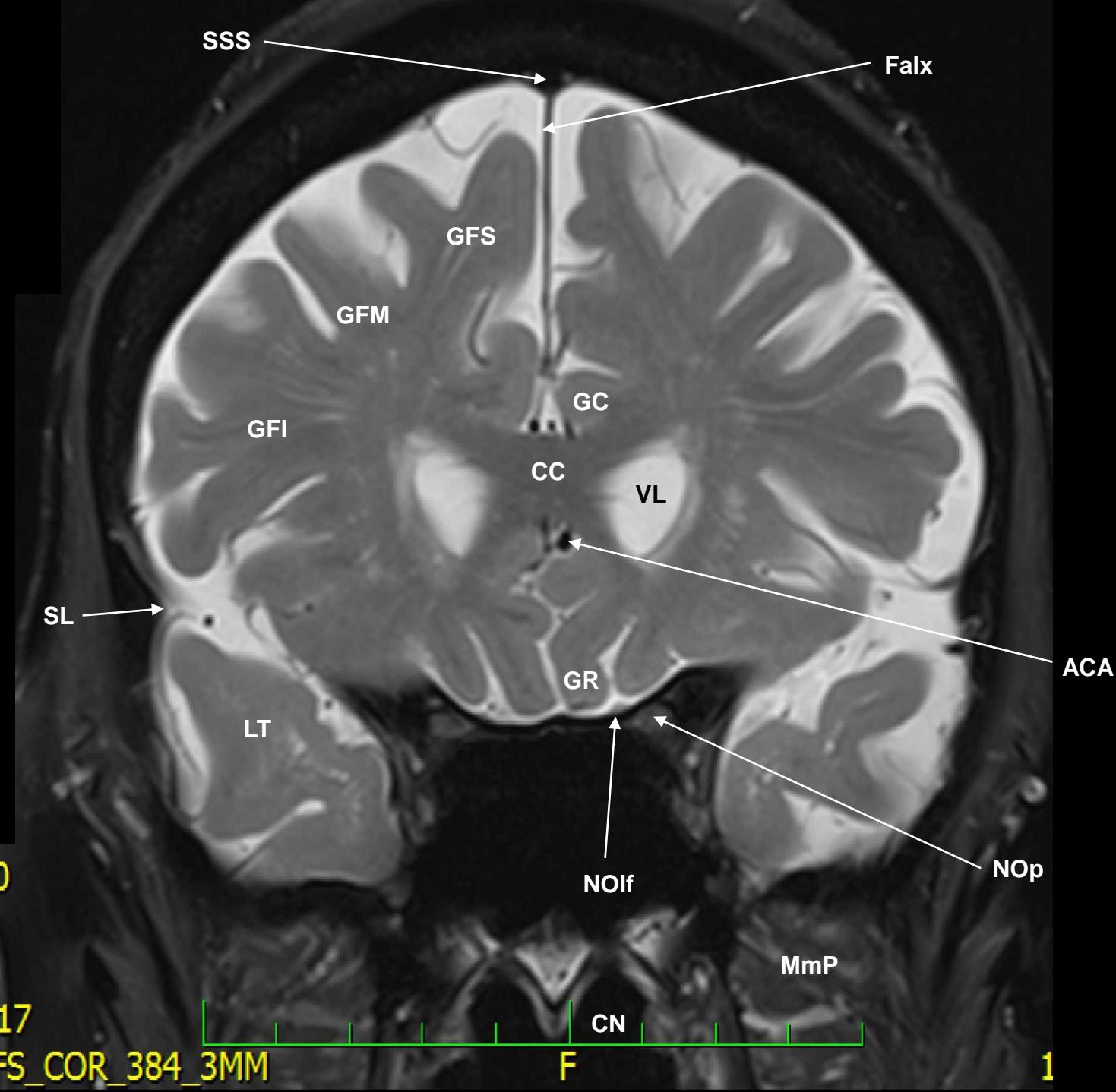


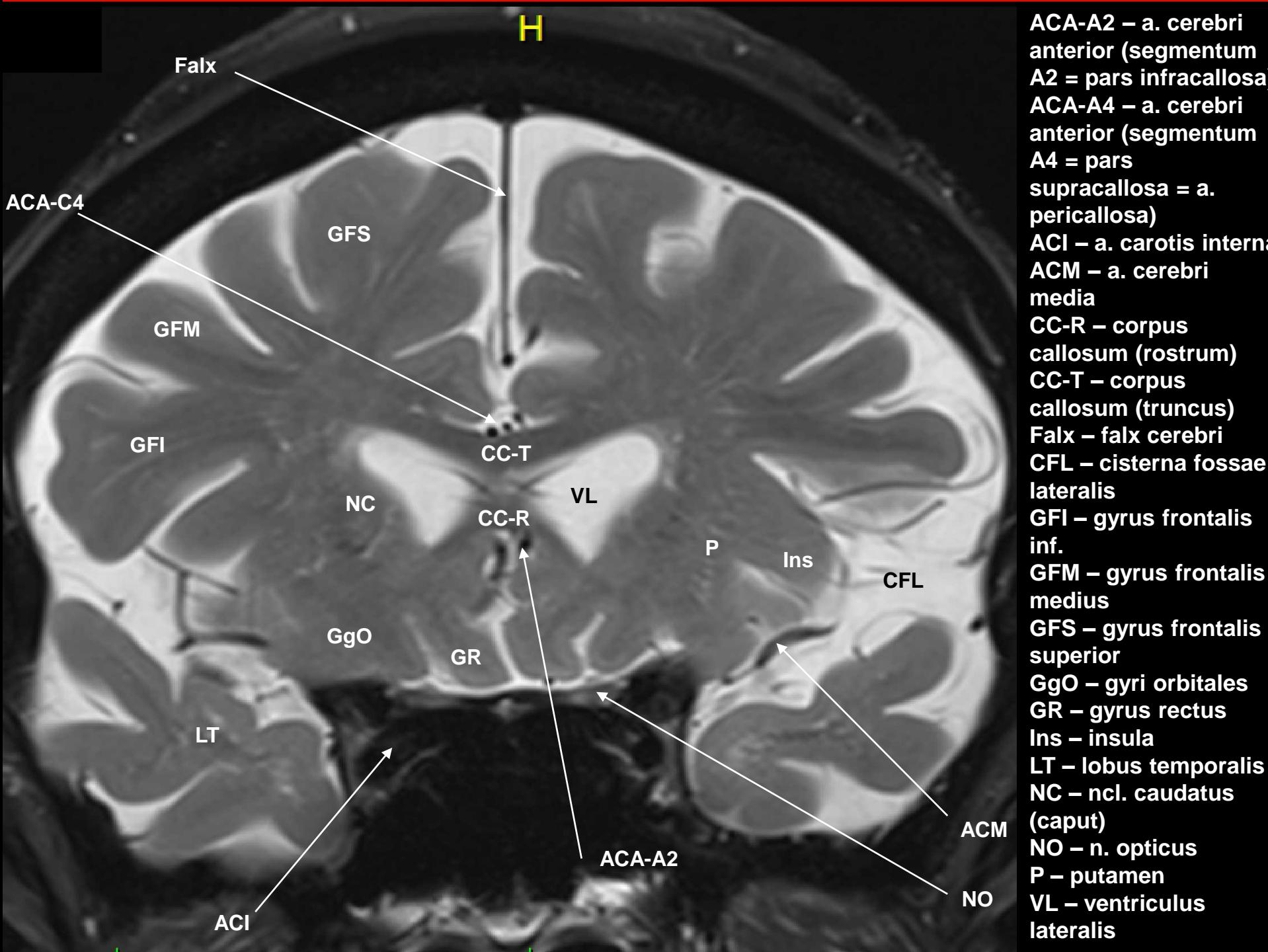
Mozek

Brain

Verze 1.2

ACA – a. cerebri anterior (A2)
CC – corpus callosum (genu)
CN – cavitas nasi
Falx – falx cerebri
GC – gyrus cinguli
GFI – gyrus frontalis inferior
GFM – gyrus frontalis medius
GFS – gyrus frontalis superior
GR – gyrus rectus
LT – lobus temporalis
MmP – mm. pterygoidei
NOLF – n. olfactorius
NOp – n. opticus
SL – sulcus lateralis
SSS – sinus sagittalis superior
VL – ventriculus lateralis (cornu frontale)





ACA-A2 – a. cerebri anterior (segmentum A2 = pars infracallosa)
ACA-A4 – a. cerebri anterior (segmentum A4 = pars supracallosa = a. pericallosa)
ACI – a. carotis interna
ACM – a. cerebri media
CC-R – corpus callosum (rostrum)
CC-T – corpus callosum (truncus)
Falx – falx cerebri
CFL – cisterna fossae lateralis
GFI – gyrus frontalis inf.
GFM – gyrus frontalis medius
GFS – gyrus frontalis superior
GgO – gyri orbitales
GR – gyrus rectus
Ins – insula
LT – lobus temporalis
NC – ncl. caudatus (caput)
NO – n. opticus
P – putamen
VL – ventriculus lateralis

CI – capsula interna

Falx – falx cerebri

GC – gyrus cinguli

GFI – gyrus frontalis inferior

GFM – gyrus frontalis medius

GFS – gyrus frontalis superior

Ins – insula

LT – lobus temporalis

NA – ncl. accumbens

NC – ncl. caudatus (caput)

NO – nervus opticus

PCA – processus clinoideus anterior

PirC – piriformní kůra

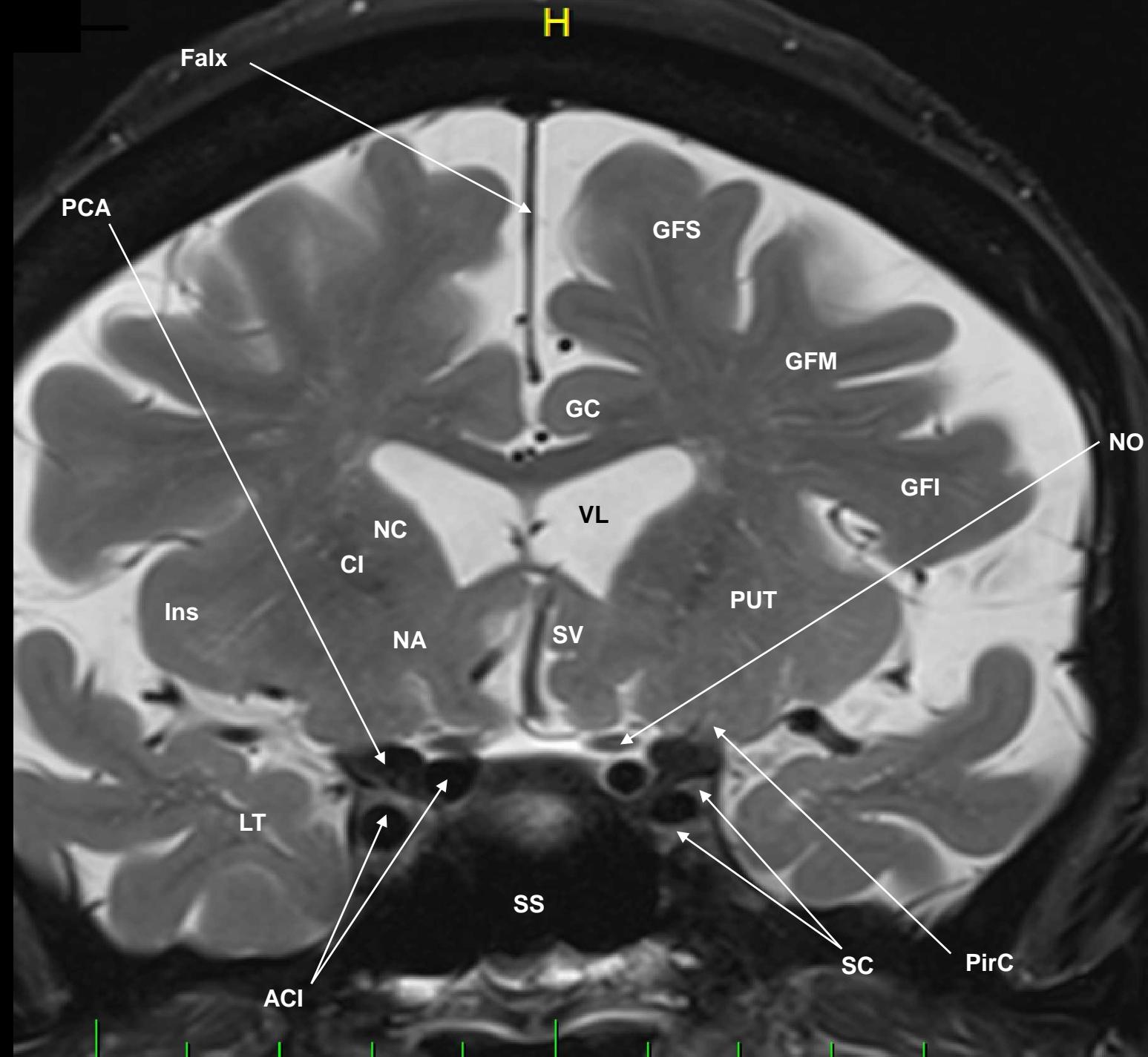
PUT – putamen

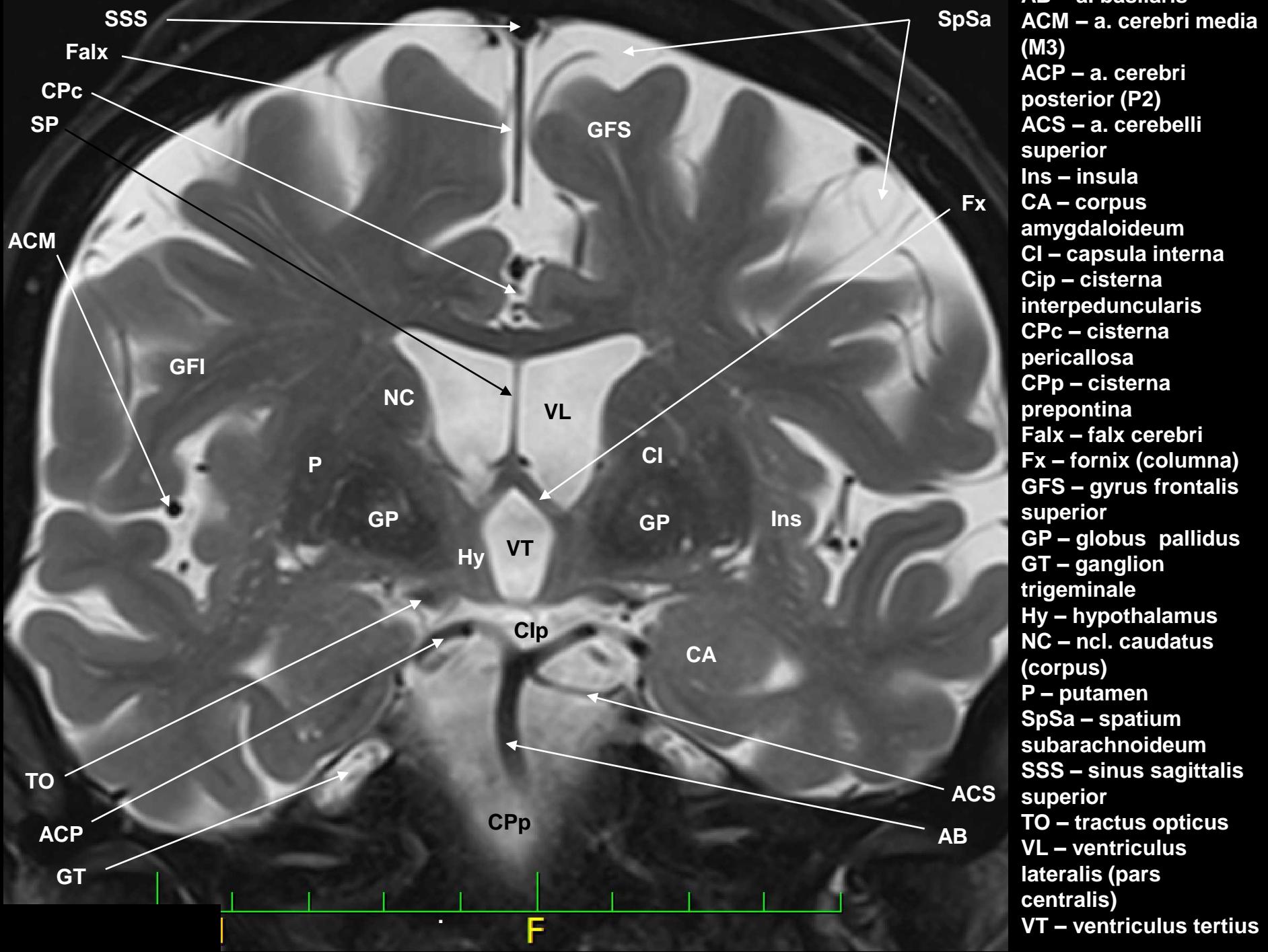
SC – sinus cavernosus

SS – sinus sphenoidalis

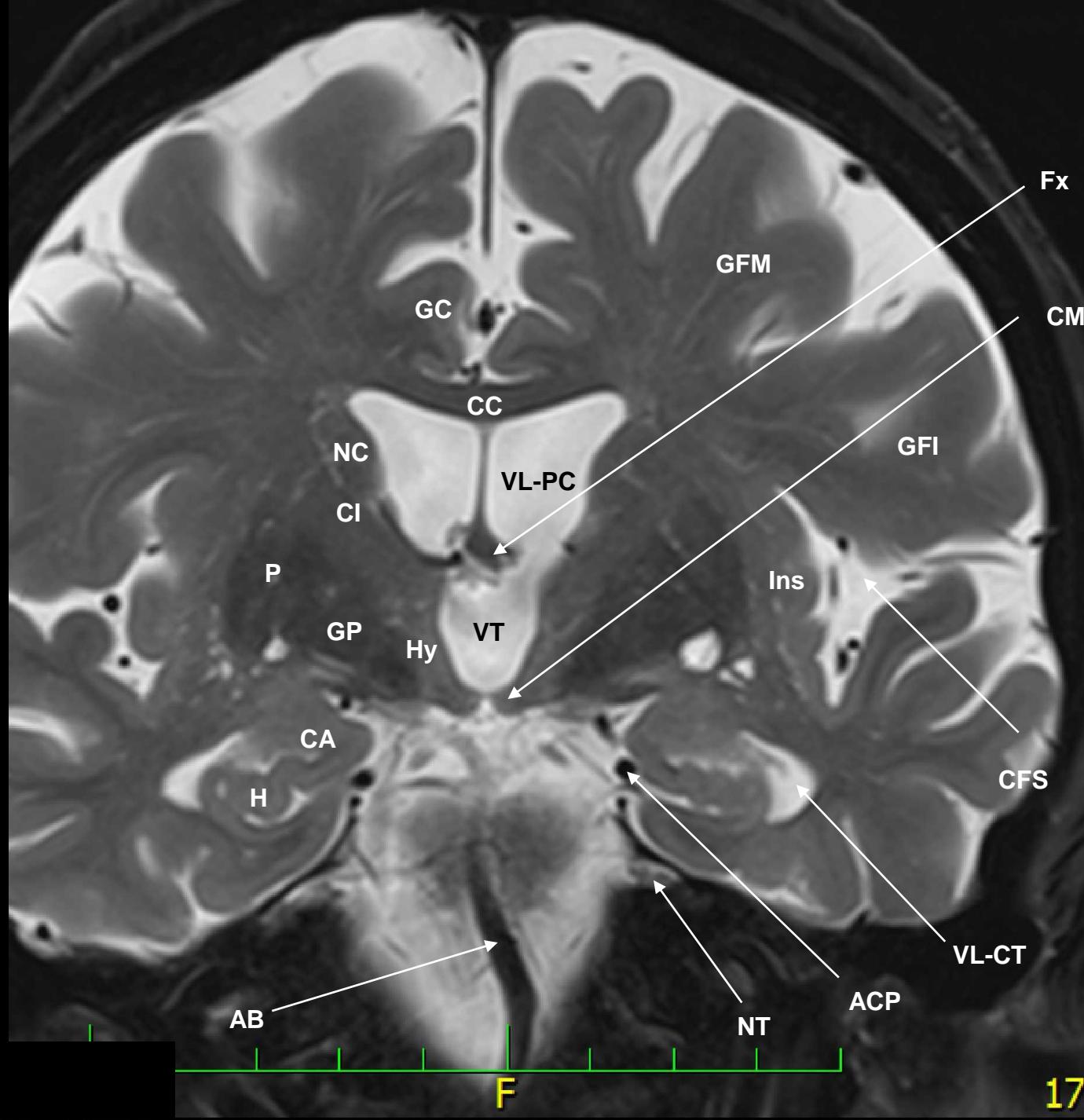
SV – septum verum

VL – ventriculus lateralis (cornu forntale)





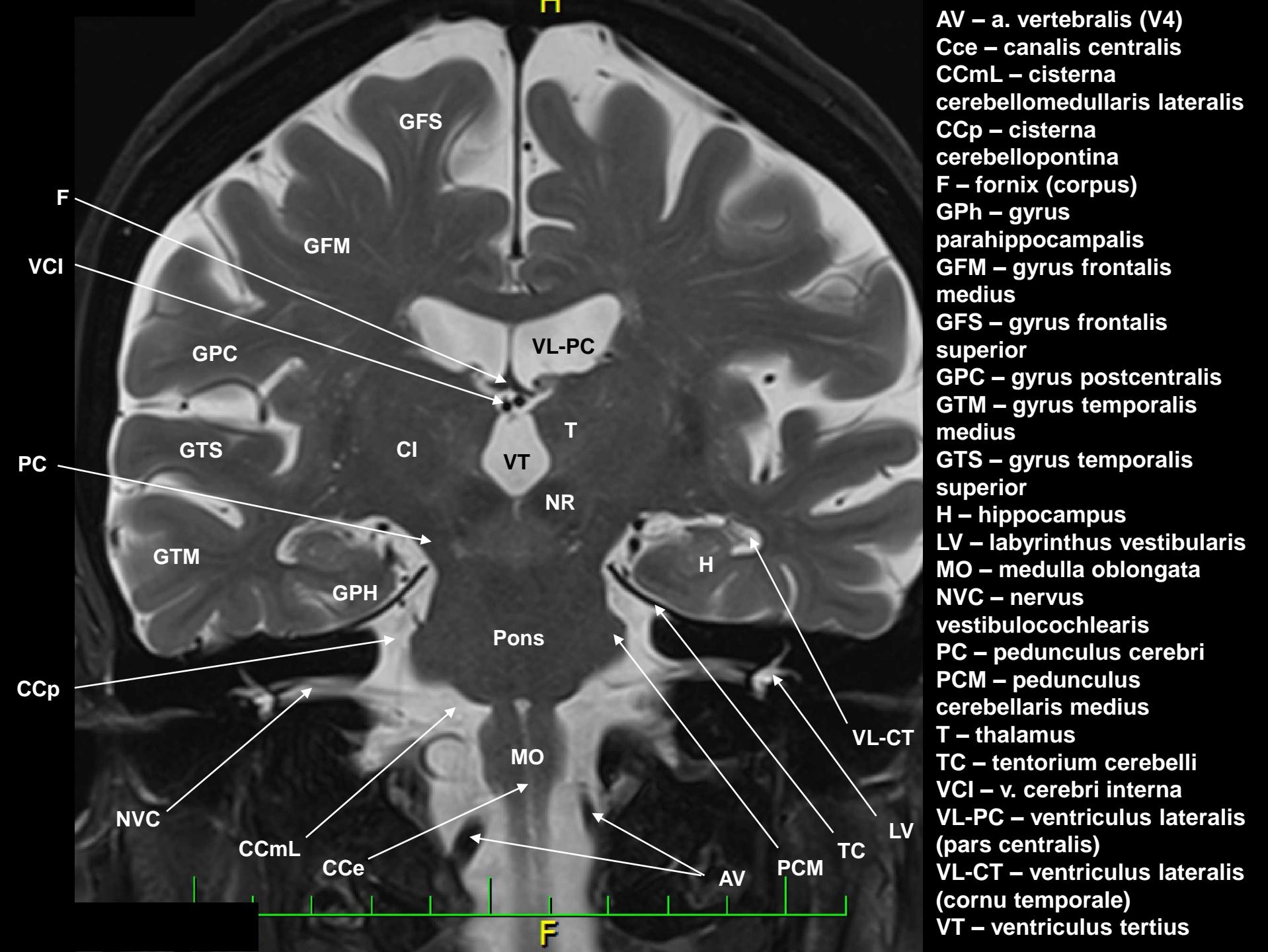
- AB – a. basilaris
ACP – a. cerebri posterior
(P2)
CA – corpus amygdaloideum
CC – corpus callosum
CI – capsula int.
CFS – cisterna fossae lateralis
CM – corpora mammillaria
Fx – fornix (corpus)
GC – gyrus cinguli
GFM – gyrus frontalis medius
GFI – gyrus frontalis inferior
GP – globus pallidus
H – hippocampus
Hy – hypothalamus
Ins – insula
NC – ncl. caudatus (corpus)
NT – nervus trigeminus
P – putamen
VL-PC – ventriculus lateralis (pars centralis)
VL-CT – ventriculus lateralis (cornu temporale)
VT – ventriculus tertius





Falx – falx cerebri
Fip – fossa interpeduncularis
CI – capsula interna
CPrp – cisterna preoptica
Fx – fornix (corpus)
GP – globus pallidus
GPh – gyrus parahippocampalis
H – hippocampus
NC – ncl. caudatus
NR – ncl. ruber
NT – n. trigeminus
P – putamen
SP – septum pellucidum
T – thalamus
VCI – v. cerebra interna
VvCS – vv. cerebri superiores
VL-PC – ventriculus lateralis (pars centralis)
VL-CT – ventriculus lateralis (cornu temporale)
VT – ventriculus tertius

17.2 x 13.7 cm



ACM – a. cerebri media

CCmP – cisterna

cercone posterior

Fx – fornix (crus)

GC - gyrus cinguli

GFS – gyrus frontalis superior

GFM – gyrus frontalis medius

GP – glandula pinealis

GPo – gyrus postcentralis

**GPr – gyrus
precentralis**

GTS – gyrus temporalis superior

H – hippocampus

VL-PC – ventriculus

lateralis (pars centralis)

VL-CT – ventriculus lateralis (cornu temporale)

VQ – vetriculus quartus

GPh - gyrus

parahippocampalis

T - thalamus

Te – tectum



CC – corpus callosum (splenium)
Fx – fornix (crus)
GC – gyrus cinguli
GF – gyrus fusiformis
GFS – gyrus frontalis superior
GPo – gyrus postcentralis
GPr – gyrus precentralis
GSm – gyrus supramarginalis
GTS – gyrus temporalis superior
H – hippocampus
ND – ncl. dentatus
HC – hemispherium cerebelli
PCh – plexus choroideus
TeC – tentorium cerebelli
To – tonisilla cerebelli
VCM – v. cerebri magna
VL-A – ventriculus lateralis (atrium)





CQ – cisterna quadrigeminalis
GC – gyrus cinguli
GF – gyrus fusiformis
GFS – gyrus frontalis superior
GPr – gyrus precentralis
CC – corpus callosum (splenium)
PCh – plexus choroideus
VL-A – ventriculus lateralis (atrium)

L

PCh

CQ

GC – gyrus cinguli

GF – gyrus fusiformis

GPo – gyrus postcentralis

GPr – gyrus precentralis

GSm – gyrus supramarginalis

HC – hemispherium cerebelli

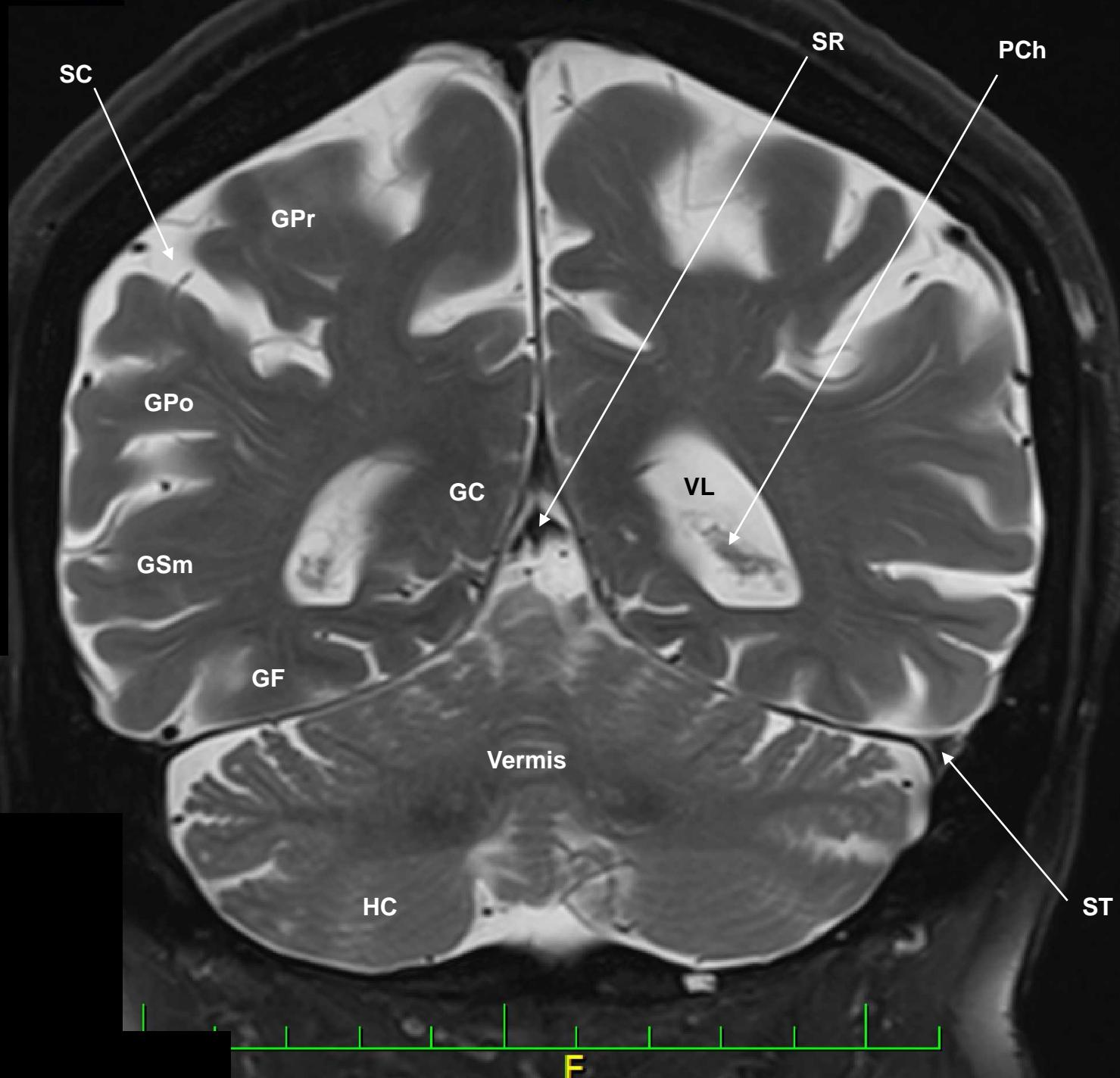
PCh – plexus choroideus

SC – sulcus centralis

SR – sinus rectus

ST – sinus transversus

VL – ventriculus lateralis (bulbus)



AB – a. basilaris

ACA – a. cerebri ant. (A2)

AM – aqueductus
mesencephali

CA – commissura anterior

CC – corpus callosum

CCmP – cisterna
cerebellomedullaris
posterior

CH – cisterna
hypophysialis

CH+CP – commissura
habenularum et posterior

CCh – cisterna
chiasmatica

Cip – cisterna
interpeduncularis

CLT – cisterna laminae
terminalis

CM – corpus mammillare

CQ – cisterna
quadrigeminalis

F – fastigium

GP – glandula pinealis

ChO – chiasma opticum

I – infundibulum

LAH – lobus anterior

hypophysis

LPH – lobus posterior

hypophysis

M – mesencephalon

MO – medulla oblongata

SR – sinus rectus

SS – sinus sphenoidalis

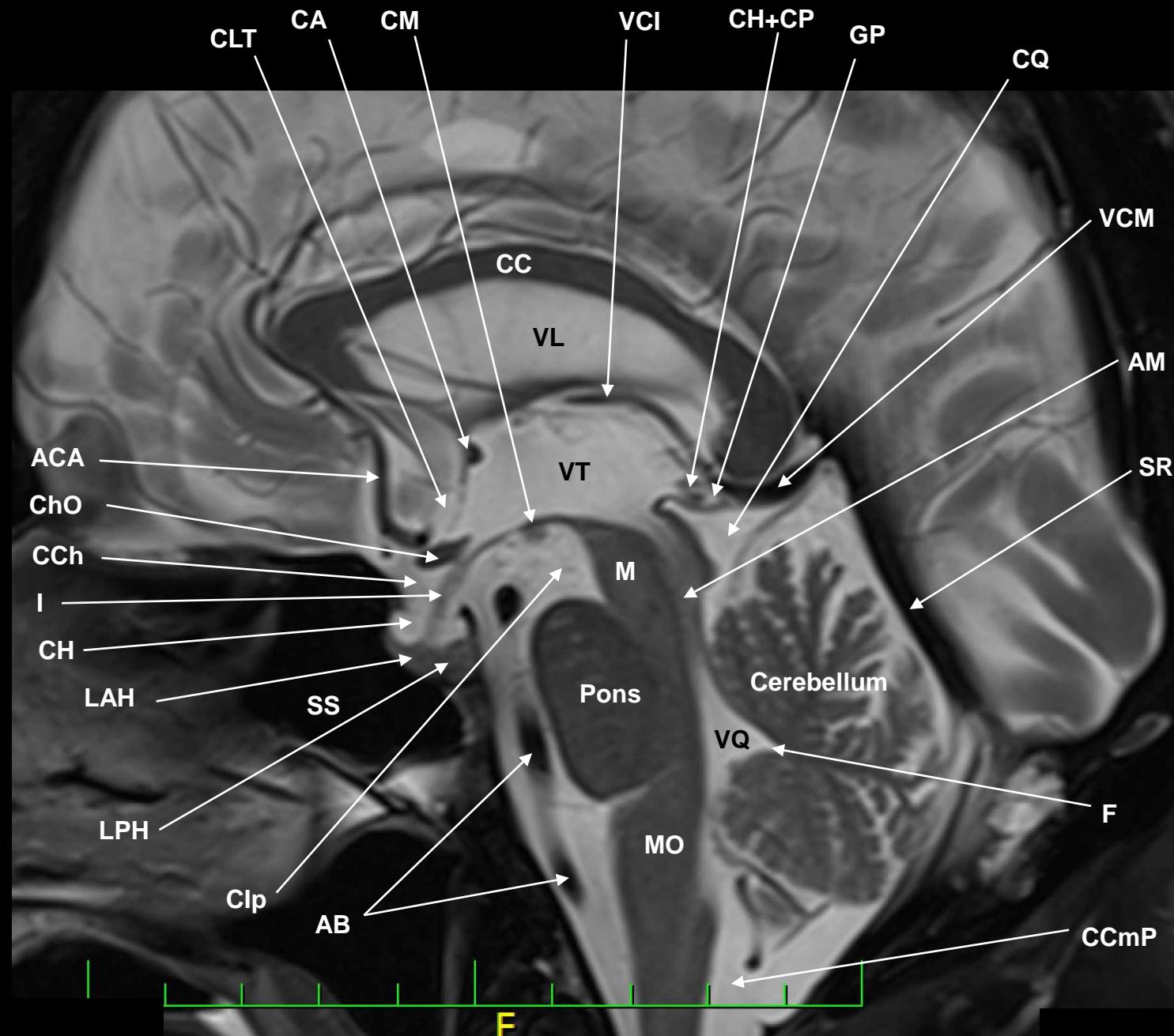
VCI – vena cerebri interna

VCM – vena cerebri magna

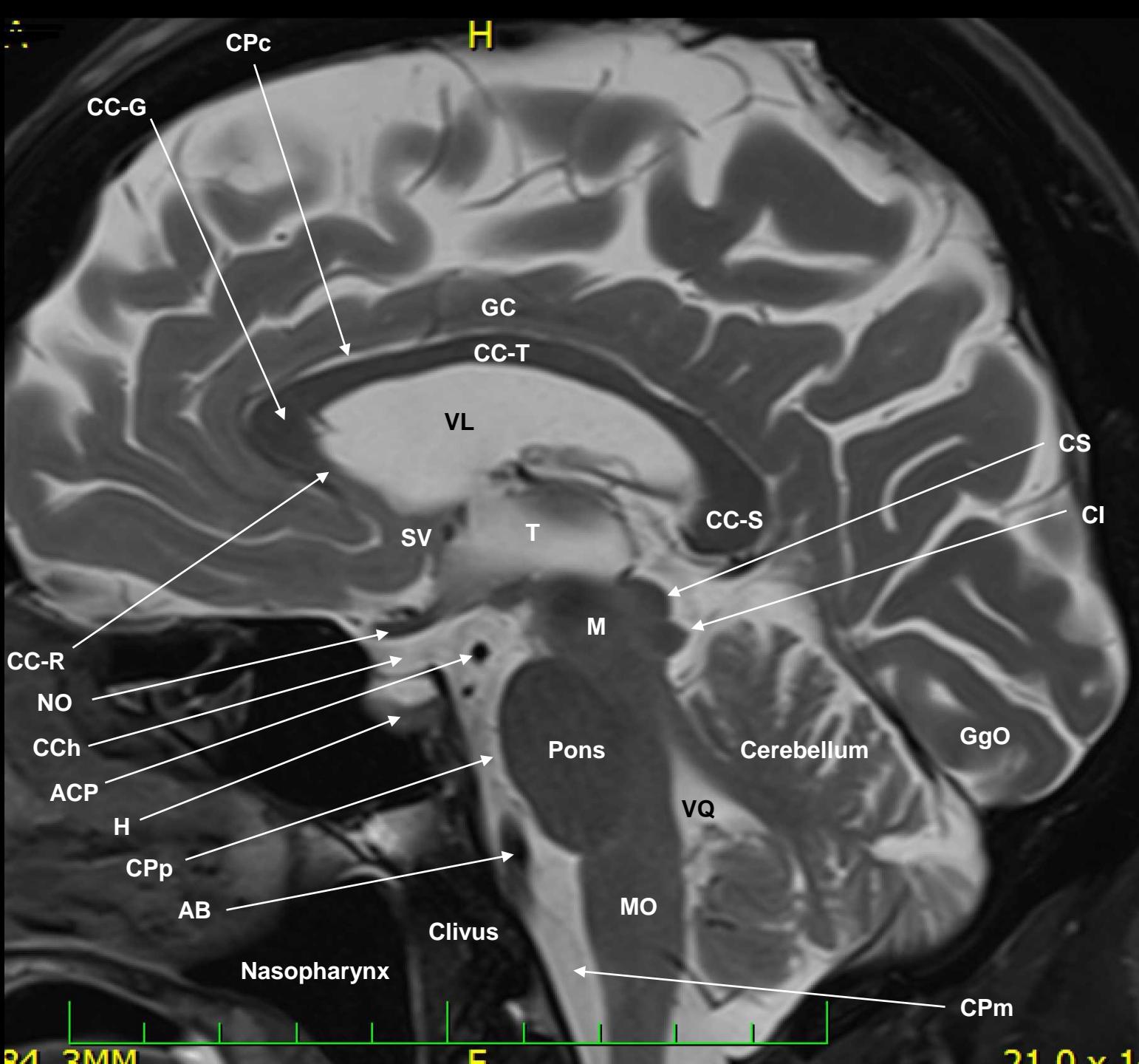
VL – ventriculus lateralis

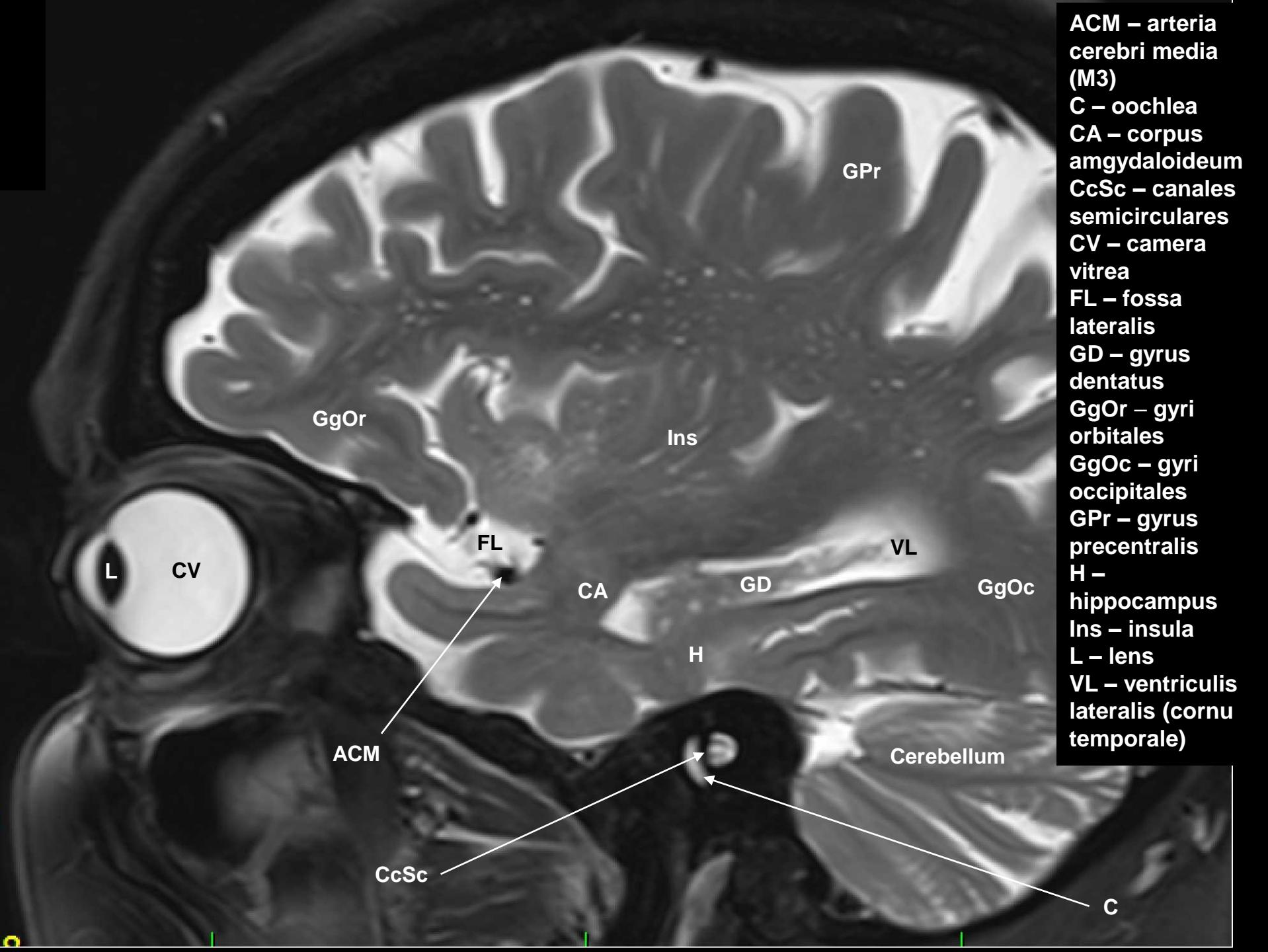
VQ – ventriculus quartus

VT – ventriculus tertius

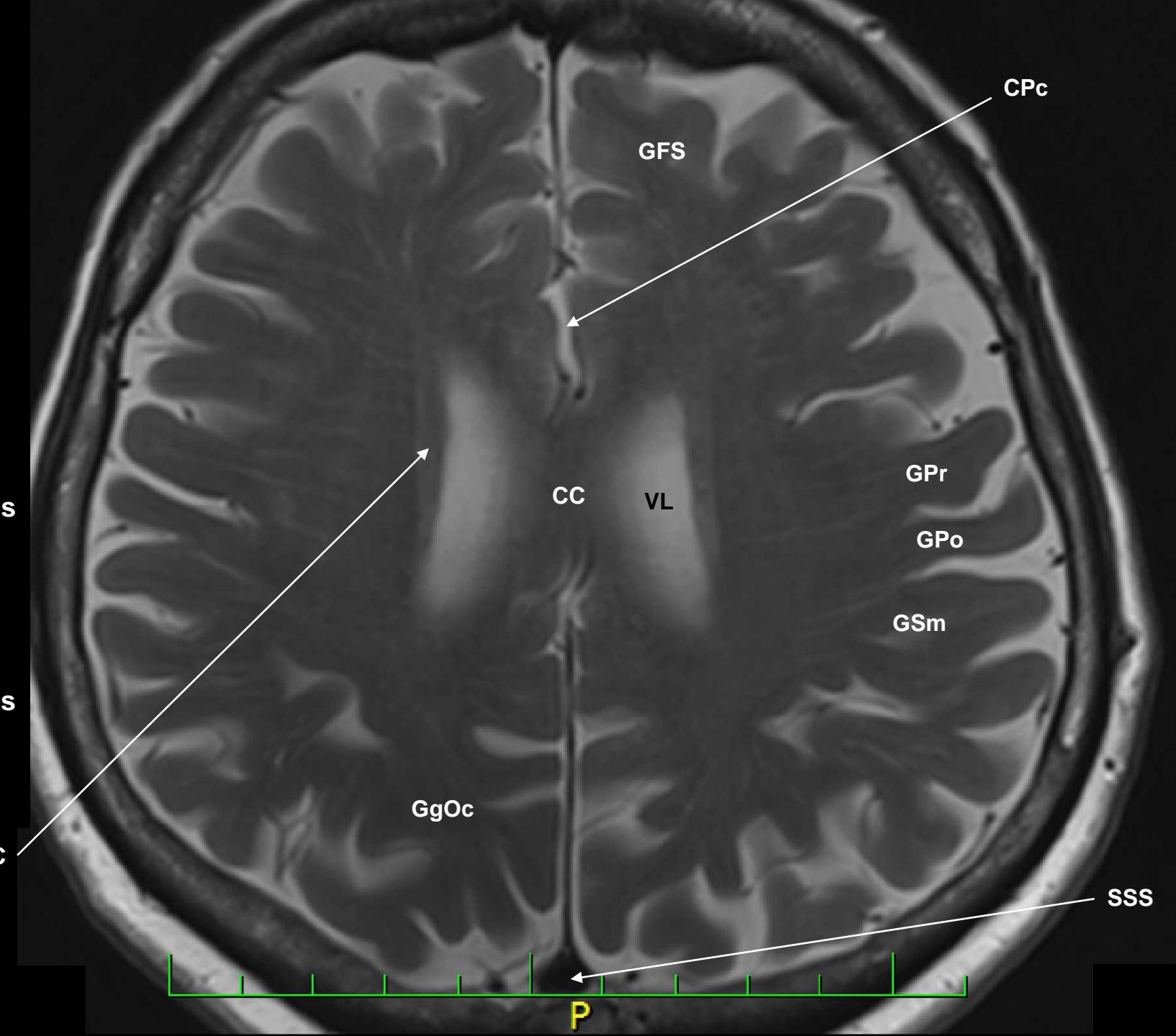


- AB – a. basilaris
 ACP – a. cerebri posterior (P1)
 CC-G – corpus callosum (genu)
 CC-R – corpus callosum (rostrum)
 CC-S – corpus callosum (splenium)
 CC-T – corpus callosum (truncus)
 CCh – cisterna chiasmatica
 Cl – colliculus inferior
 CPc – cisterna pericallosa
 CPm – cisterna premedullaris
 CPp – cisterna prepontina
 CS – colliculus superior
 GC – gyrus cinguli
 GgO – gyri occipitales
 H – hypophysis
 MO – medulla oblongata
 M – mesencephalon
 NO – n. opticus
 T – thalamus
 SV – septum verum
 VL – ventriculus lateralis
 VQ – ventriculus quartus
 AB – a. basilaris
 ACP – a. cerebri posterior (P1)
 CC-G – corpus callosum (genu)
 CC-R – corpus callosum (rostrum)
 CC-S – corpus callosum (splenium)
 CC-T – corpus callosum (truncus)
 CCh – cisterna chiasmatica
 Cl – colliculus inferior
 CPc – cisterna pericallosa
 CPm – cisterna premedullaris
 CPp – cisterna prepontina
 CS – colliculus superior
 GC – gyrus cinguli
 GgO – gyri occipitales
 H – hypophysis
 MO – medulla oblongata
 M – mesencephalon
 NO – n. opticus
 T – thalamus
 SV – septum verum
 VL – ventriculus lateralis
 VQ – ventriculus quartus





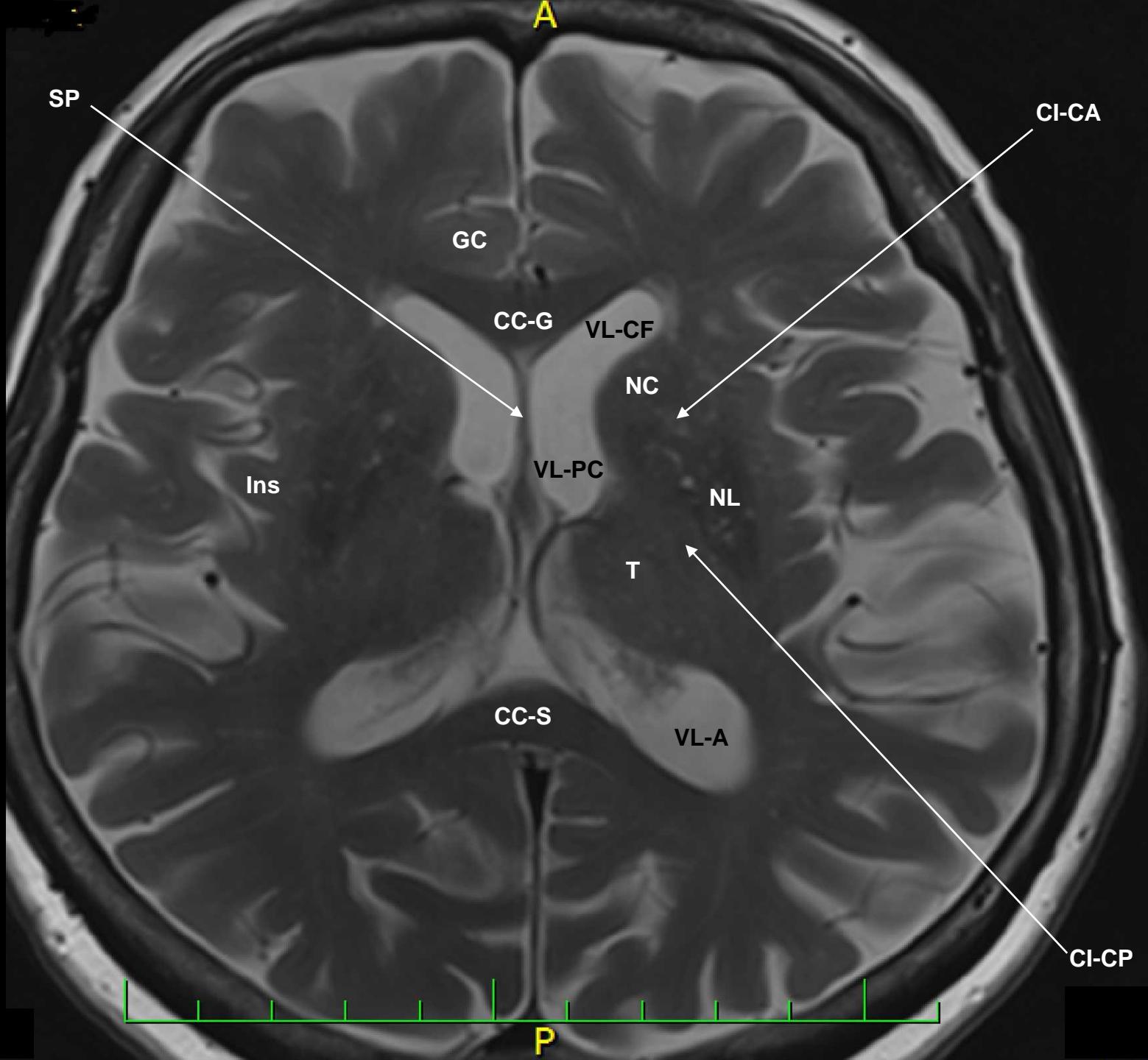
CC – corpus
callosum
(truncus)
CPc – cisterna
pericallosa
GFS – gyrus
frontalis
superior
GgOc – gyri
occipitales
GPo – gyrus
postcentralis
GPr – gyrus
precentralis
GSm – gyrus
supramarginalis
NC – nucleus
caudatus
SSS – sinus
sagittalis
superior
VL – ventriculus
lateralis (pars
centralis)



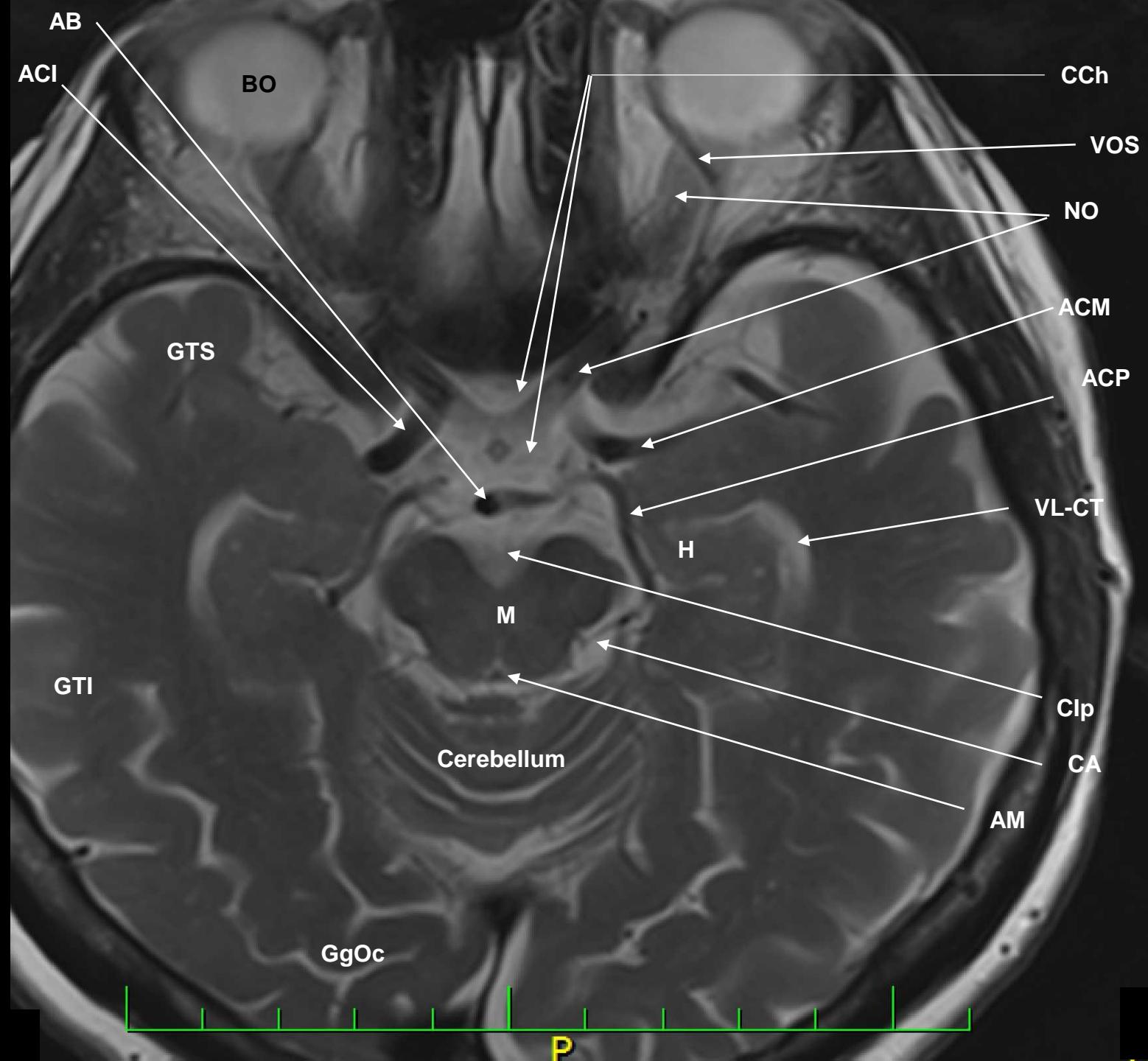
CC – corpus
callosum
GC – gyrus
cinguli
GFM – gyrus
frontalis medius
GFS – gyrus
frontalis
superior
GgOc – gyri
occipitales
GPo – gyrus
postcentralis
GPr – gyrus
precentralis
GSm – gyrus
supramarginalis
NC – nucleus
caudatus
SP – septum
pellucidum
VL – ventriculus
lateralis (pars
centralis)



CC-G – corpus callosum (genu)
CC-S – corpus callosum (splenium)
CI-CA – capsula interna (crus anterius)
CI-CP – capsula interna (crus posterius)
GC – gyrus cinguli
Ins – insula
NC – nucleus caudatus
NL – nucleus lentiformis
SP – spetum pellucidum
T – thalamus
VL-A – ventriculus lateralis (atrium)
VL-CF – ventriculus lateralis (cornu forntale)
VL-PC – ventriculus lateralis (pars centralis)



AB – a. basilaris
AM – aqueductus mesencephali
ACI – a. carotis interna (C7)
ACM – a. cerebri media (M2)
ACP – a. cerebri posterior (P2)
BO – bulbus oculi
CA – cisterna ambiens
CCh – cisterna chiasmatica
Clp – cisterna interpeduncularis
GgOc – gyri occipitales
GTS – gyrus temporalis superior
GTI – gyrus temporalis inferior
H – hippocampus
M – mesencephalon
NO – n. opticus
VL-CT – ventriculus lateralis (cornu temporale)
VO – v. ophthalmica



AB – a. basilaris
ACI – a. carotis interna (C)
CE – cellulae ethmoidales
CPp – cisterna preoptica
CV – camera vitrea
H – hypophysis
L – lens
GL – gyrus lingualis
GTI – gyrus temporalis inferior
MRL – m. rectus lateralis
MRM – m. rectus medialis
NO – n. opticus
SS – sinus sphenoidalis
VQ – ventriculus quartus

AB

0.0

VQ

